Data Entry Instructions

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| **Field** | **Description** | **Example** |
| doi | Paper’s doi | 10.1177/014616702236834 |
| study | Study number/identifier | 1 |
| hypothesisQuote | Direct quote from the paper indicating the key hypothesis **for this study** | We predicted that mortality salient participants, that is, those interviewed in front of the funeral home, would exhibit more favorable attitudes toward the two charities than would participants interviewed away from the funeral home. |
| studyDesign | Basic design – within/between? How many cells? Etc. | 2 group between subjects; interviewed in front of funeral home or several blocks away |
| copyResult | Copy and paste the critical result from the study into the spreadsheet | A *t* test performed on this favorability composite yielded a significant effect of our mortality salience treatment, *t*(31) = 2.06, *p* < .05 |
| statType | What kind of statistic? | t |
| df1 | First degrees of freedom | 29 |
| df2 | Second degrees of freedom (F-test) |  |
| N | Total N for the test | 31 |
| statistic | The value of the test statistic | 2.06 |
| pReported | The reported *p*-value | < .05 |
| pCrit | The critical *p*-value (only needed if other than .05 two-tailed) |  |
| secondContrast | Is this the second contrast from a 3-cell design?  0 = No; 1 = Yes | 0 |
| notes | Any notes about the study, data, etc. | t-test degrees of freedom incorrectly reported as 31. Participants described as “17 male and 14 female pedestrians,” or 31 participants total, which accords with the cell ns (15 and 16) given in Table 1. This gives df of 29 for independent samples |

For each study, select the **critical test of the focal hypothesis for that study.**

For interactions:

* **Attenuation** (effect is smaller under one level of the moderator): Use test of highest order interaction or difference in linear trends
* **Sign Change** (effect reverses direction under one level of the moderator): Use the test**s** of the simple effects (2x2), the tests of lower order interactions (2x2x2, where attenuation reverses under second moderator), or separate linear trends, **NOT** the interaction

3-cell designs:

* **High/medium/low:** linear trend
* **Treatment vs 2 different controls:** Treatment vs. control 1 contrast, Treatment vs. control 2 contrast – BUT NOTE THE SECOND ONE
* **2 Treatments vs 1 control:** Treatment 1 vs. control contrast, Treatment 2 vs. control contrast – BUT NOTE THE SECOND ONE

Do not use:

* Inexactly reported test statistics (e.g., F < 1)